

## COUNTRY REPORT

# Australia

Update on nuclear-related policies and  
application of nuclear science and technology

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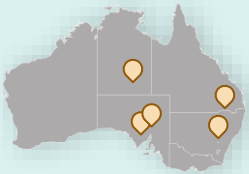


Science. Ingenuity. Sustainability.

# Australian energy policy

## FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

### National Radioactive Waste Management Facility



### GEN IV International Forum





# Nuclear science and applications

## GOVERNMENT SUPPORT

### ANM Mo-99 Project



### Australian Synchrotron



### Beamlines OPAL Multi-purpose reactor



### Accelerators Centre for Accelerator Science



# ANSTO Nuclear Medicine Project

## Mo-99 production facility ANM



## Synroc waste plant SyMo





# Australian Synchrotron – Clayton, VIC





# Nuclear science applied to agriculture

## FOOD Authenticity



## FOOD Science



## FOOD Irradiation



# Food authenticity – Seafood provenance research

## Why

Demand for seafood is growing globally. Regulatory bodies, market chain actors and consumers have an interest in seafood provenance and food safety assessment tools to protect human health, guarantee sustainability, reduce or prevent food fraud, and to minimise biosecurity risks associated with global movement of raw seafood products.

## Question and Approach

Can we use isotopes and nuclear techniques to prove the origin of seafood and agricultural products?

Nutrients and elements in foods and environment can be linked to regions, countries and production methods - help determine source of origin of products.

## Benefit

Consumers can be sure that they are buying quality, unadulterated food and know its origin, including the production methods.

## RESEARCH PARTNERS



### Natural abundance of stable and radio-isotopes

$^{14}\text{C}$

$^2\text{H}$

$^{13}\text{C}$

$^{15}\text{N}$

### ITRAX element analysis

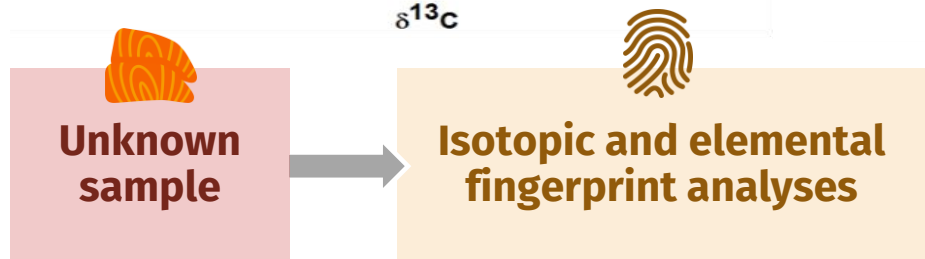
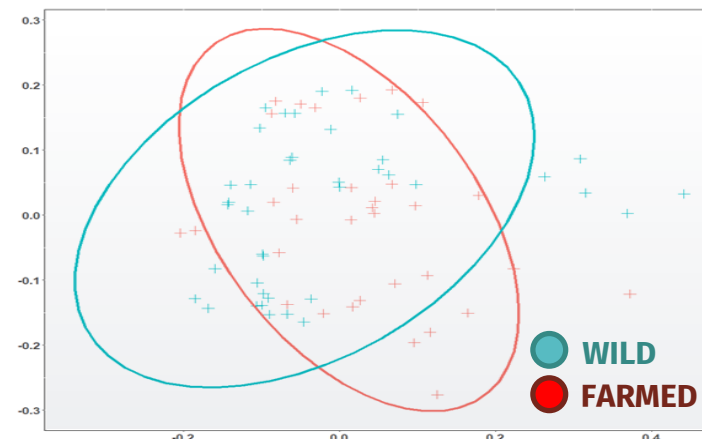
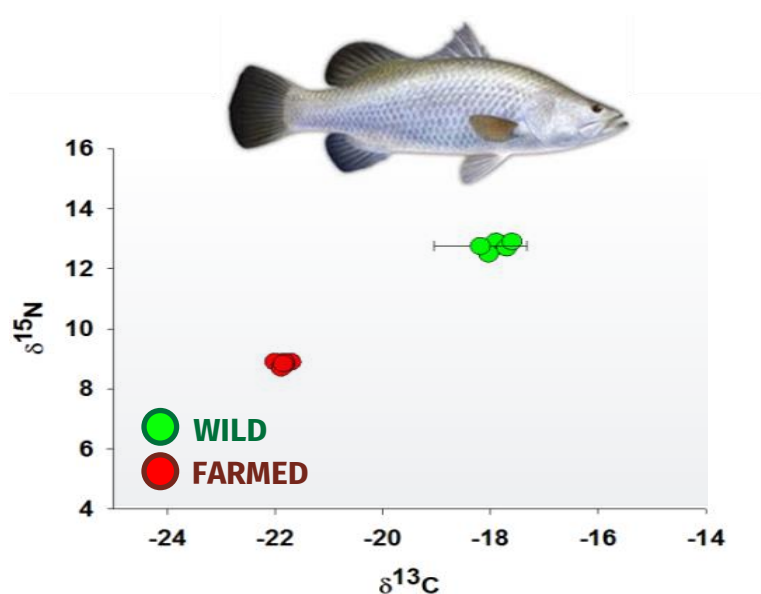
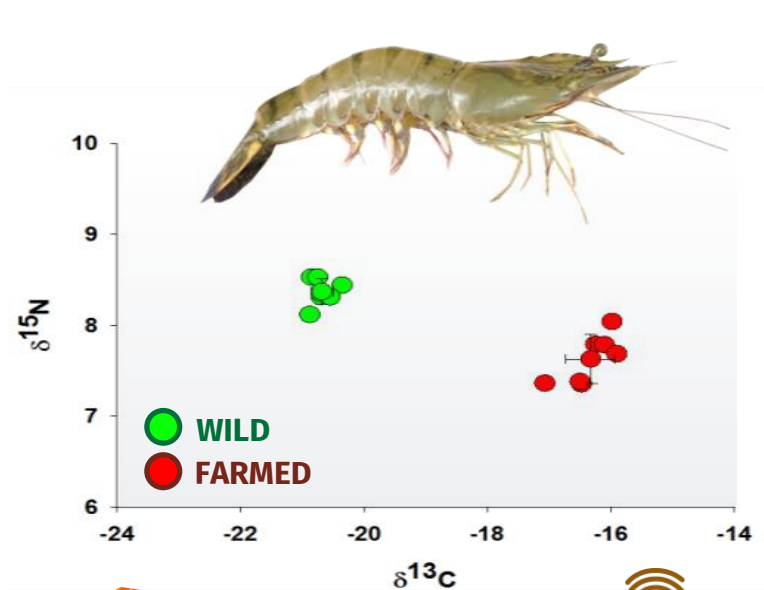


### Neutron Activation Analysis (NAA)



# Seafood provenance research at ANSTO

Elemental and stable isotope analysis able to determine farmed vs. wild caught, and geographic locations with an **accuracy of over 90%**.



Farm vs Wild  
Geographical origin

Production method  
and geographical  
origin determined.



# Food science

## Why neutrons and food?

Structure and dynamics



Isotopic sensitivity



Solids, liquids, solutions



High sensitivity to hydrogen



Non-destructive, non-invasive



Complementary to other methods



High penetration



Systems in realistic conditions



**Structure of starch**  
changed by chemical treatment, affecting its properties.

- Porous starches are digested more slowly (lower GI).
- Lower GI important to diabetics and can help prevent disease.

# Irradiation for food and agriculture

## GATRI

**Co-60 irradiator since 1970**

ANSTO's R&D underpins industrial radiation processing



## Sterile insect technique



## Food irradiation



## Beehives



## Mutation breeding





# Thank you.



# ANSTO's Lucas Heights Campus – NSW



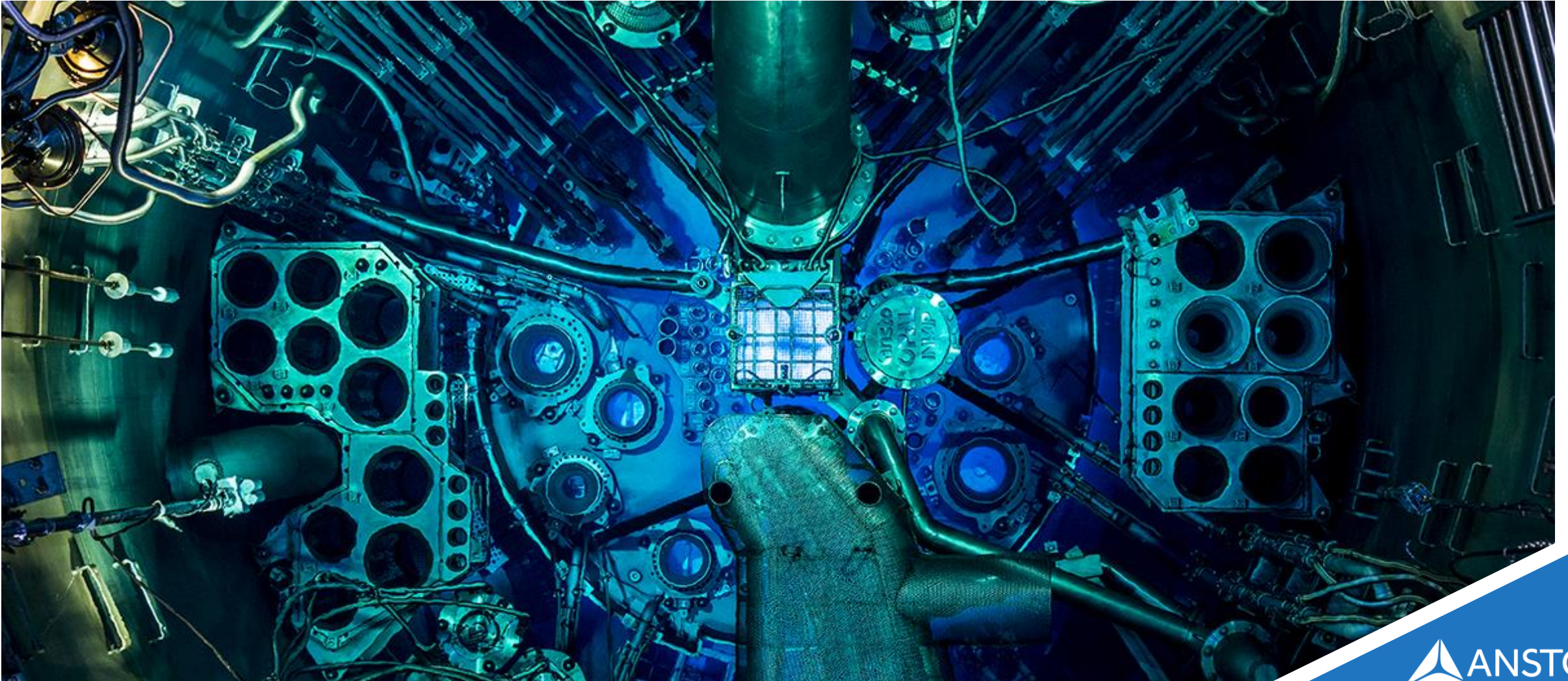


# ANSTO's Lucas Heights Campus – NSW





# ANSTO's OPAL multi-purpose reactor





# ANSTO's Camperdown Cyclotron – NSW

