



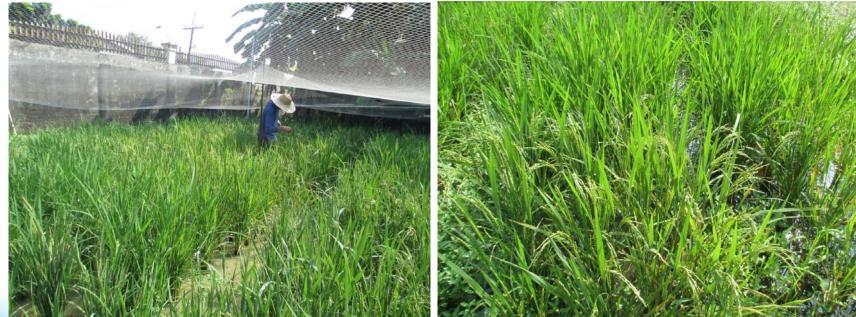


## Mutation Breeding PROJECT



### Improvement of Traditional Rice Varieties by Gamma Irradiation

Different potential mutant lines at M<sub>4</sub> generation



Umangan #8 is a potential early-flowering mutant line



# Radiation Oncology





Workshop on Radiation Oncology Project November 4 – 7, 2018 · Dhaka, Bangladesh





Miriam Joy C. Calaguas, M.D., FPROS Department of Radiation Oncology St. Luke's Medical Center and José R. Reyes Memorial Medical Center (JRRMMC)

Rey H. de los Reyes, M.D., FSGOP Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology Far Eastern University Nicanor Reyes Medical Foundation and JRRMMC

Jaemelyn Marie O. Fernandez, M.D., DPROS Department of Radiotherapy JRRMMC

Jerickson Abbie S. Flores, M.D. Department of Radiotherapy JRRMMC



### Presentation of Philippine Data and Session Chairs



Phase II Study of Concurrent Chemoradiotherapy with Extended-Field Radiotherapy for Locally Advanced Cervical Cancer (CERVIX-IV) – Philippine data presented by Dr. Rey de los Reyes (Co-chaired the session)



Prospective Observational Study of 3D-Image guided brachytherapy for Locally Advanced Cervical Cancer (CERVIX-V) - Philippine data presented by Dr. Rey de los Reyes



Phase II Study of Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy with Concurrent Chemoradiotherapy (CCRT) for Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma (NPC-III) – presented by Dr. Jerickson Flores



Phase II Study of Hypofractionated Radiotherapy for Breast Cancer (Postmastectomy Radiation Therapy (PMRT)/BREAST-I) – presented by Dr. Jaemelyn Fernandez Drafting Workshop Minutes - Minutes drafted and session co-chaired by Dr. Jerickson Flores and Dr. Jaemelyn Fernandez



## Technical Visits and Open Lecture Participation



Technical Visit at Delta Hospital Limited



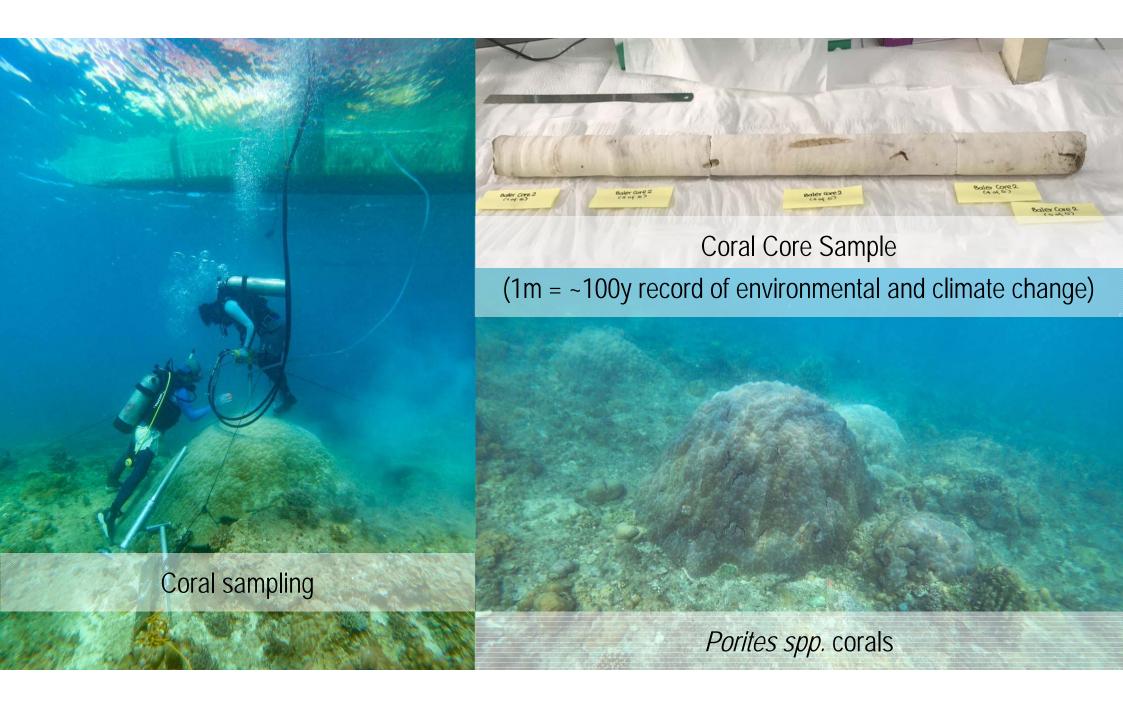
Technical Visit and IGBT Hands-on training at United Hospital Limited Technical Visit and Open Lecture at National Institute of Cancer Research and Hospital (NICRH)

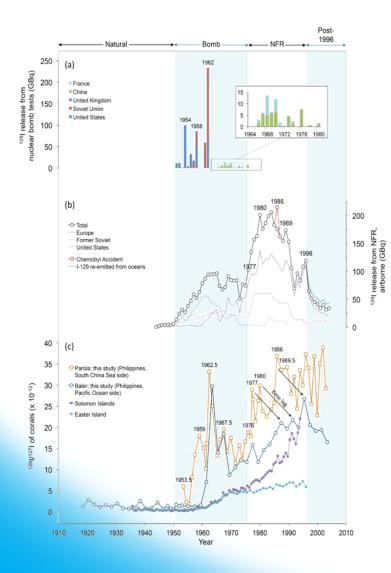


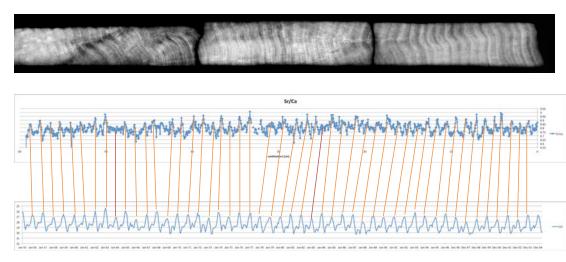
Dr. Miriam Joy C. Calaguas, Project Leader of FNCA on Radiation Oncology in the Philippines, gave her lecture on "Past, Present, Future of Radiation Therapy in the Philippines: A Journey Through FNCA"

## Climate Change Using Nuclear and Isotopic Techniques









Trace and minor	
Sr/Ca	Sea surface temperature
U/Ca	Sea surface temperature
Mg/Ca	Sea surface temperature
Mn/Ca	Wind anomalies, upwelling
Cd/Ca	Upwelling, contamination
Ba/Ca	Upwelling, river outflow
Pb/Ca	Gasoline burning, pollution

# Research Reactor Utilization



Subcritical Reactor Assembly for Training, Education and Research (SATER) by using the PRR-1 TRIGA fuel elements expected to be commissioned by 2020





## Feasibility study on the establishment of a 10MW Multipurpose Research Reactor (NARRA) concluded



### Tc-99m Generator production facility waiting

for supply of Mo-99 **FINAL REPORT** (Part 2) itle of Project: Conduct of Feasibility Stud or the Establishment of an Accelerate Facility 13-July 12, 200 

Feasibility study on establishment of a 30 MeV cyclotron concluded

National Project Leader recommends to take a hiatus from the Research Reactor Utilization Project since the Philippines is still establishing own research reactor to be commissioned by December 2020



# Nuclear Security and Safeguards



- Nuclear Materials accounting reports submitted annually through the Secure Communication
- Additional Protocol (AP) reports sent as per AP Agreement











## PNRI Mobile Expert Support Team (MEST) participated in 2 major public events in 2017

PNRI MEST teams and Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP) personnel in action as the Philippines hosted the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) 2017, in time for the intergovernmental organization's 50th anniversary.







A member of the PNRI Mobile Expert Support Team (MEST) discusses about the Mobile Detection System (MDS) van previously used by PNRI and police personnel during the APEC and ASEAN summits.

## Radiation Safety and Radioactive Waste Management



## Program on Radioactive Waste Management Pre-Disposal

- Policies and Regulations:
  - House Bill on "Hazardous and Radioactive Wastes Management Act" to develop comprehensive waste management programs
  - House Bill on "An Act Providing for a Comprehensive Nuclear Regulatory Framework" for the management of spent fuel and other radioactive wastes
  - DRAFT CPR Part 28: Licensing Requirements for Land Pre-Disposal of Radioactive Waste
  - DRAFT CPR Part 29: Licensing and Safety Requirements for Disposal of Radioactive Waste Utilizing the Borehole Disposal Facility



## Program on Radioactive Waste Management Pre-Disposal

#### **Inventory of Radioactive Waste**

as of December 2017

Waste Type	Unconditioned		Conditioned		Radionuclide	Origin
	Vol./unit	Activity, Bq	Vol./unit	Activity, Bq		
Solid	~16 m³	~1.5E+09	~36 m³	1.3E+08	Th-232, H-3 Cs-137,C-14 Co- 60	Industry (Th mantles) Research (labelling expt.) Medical (media culture, shielding
Aqueous (liquid)	~1.6 m <sup>3</sup>	~2.2E+10	~2 m <sup>3</sup>	~8E+09	Co-60, H-3, Cs- 137,C-14	Research (labelling expt.) Medical (media culture)
Organic (liquid)	~3.6 m <sup>3</sup>	~2.8E+10	~0.03 m <sup>3</sup>	~6.7E+08	C-14,Cl-36, H-3,Sr-90	Research (scintillants)

I. SOLID AND LIQUID

#### II. DISUSED SEALED RADIOACTIVE SOURCES

Trench A Trench B		h B	Trench C		TOTAL		Radionuclide	
Units	Activity, Bq	Units	Activity, Bq	Units	Activity, Bq	Units	Activity, Bq	Kaulonuchue
525	5.96E+13	324	1.29E+14	1572	2.07E+14	2421	3.96E+14	Am-Be, Co-60, Am-241, Ni-63, Cs-137, Sr-90, Ra-226, Pu-238, Ir-192



### Program on Radioactive Waste Management Pre-Disposal

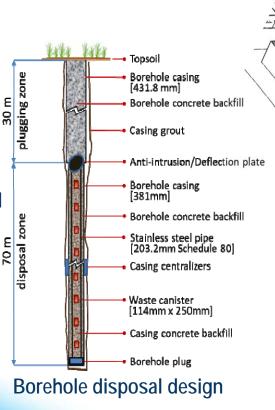
#### PRE-DISPOSAL STRATEGY

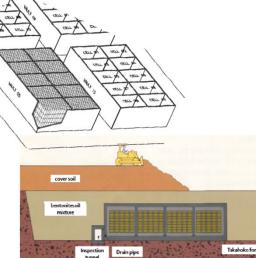
Category 1 to 2	•Conditioned sources stored in long term storage shield; unconditioned sources remained in original working shield			
<u> </u>				
Category 3 to 5	•Sources retrieved and conditioned in stainless steel capsules, Unconditioned sources and devices that can not be retrieve are stored in storage shelves			
Solid Waste	•Compacted in 100 L drum & cemented in 200L drum			
Liquid waste, organic	<ul> <li>temporarily stored awaiting an identified treatment process</li> </ul>			
Liquid waste, aqueous	•waste are incorporated in cement mixture in 200L drum			
<u> </u>				
Am-241	<ul> <li>•repatriation to USA under the Off-Site Source Recovery Project (OSRP) → 849 Am-241 foil, 44 Am-241 sources, 26 Am/Be sources</li> </ul>			
<u> </u>				
Depleted Uranium	•assessing the depleted uranium (DU) from radioagraphic camera and teletherapy equipment for potential removal of DU from the Philippines for recycling in Europe			



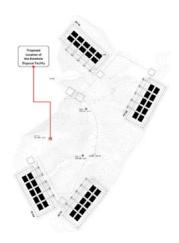
## Program on Radioactive Waste Management Disposal

- Philippines is in the process of identifying a suitable disposal site for short - lived low - level, intermediate - level radioactive wastes, and spent highly active radioactive sources in the Philippines.
- A co-location of the Near Surface and Borehole Disposal Facility intended to manage both short and long-lived radionuclides





Near-surface disposal design

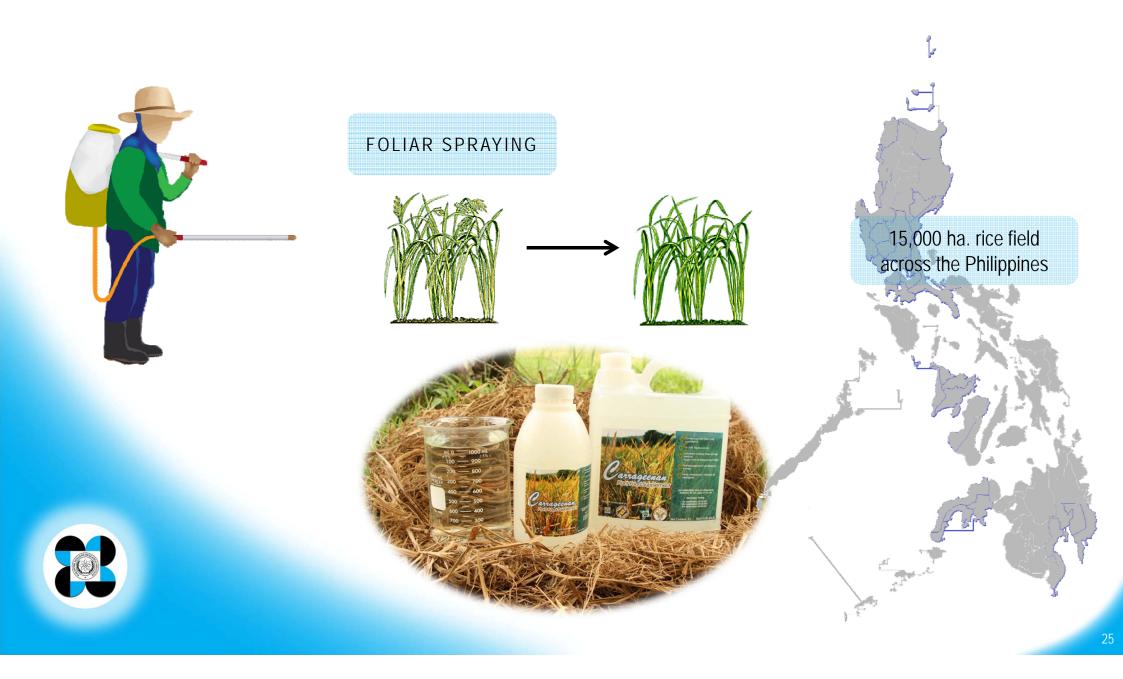


**Co-location concept** 



## Radiation Processing and Polymer Modification for Agricultural, Environmental and Medical Applications





#### No Carrageenan PGP

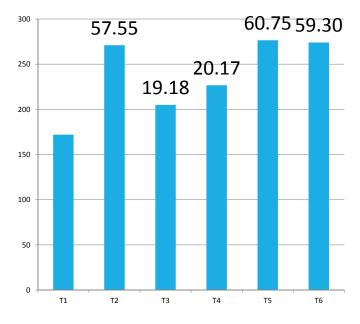
#### With Carrageenan PGP

#### After Super Typhoon MANGKHUT "Ompong" (2018)





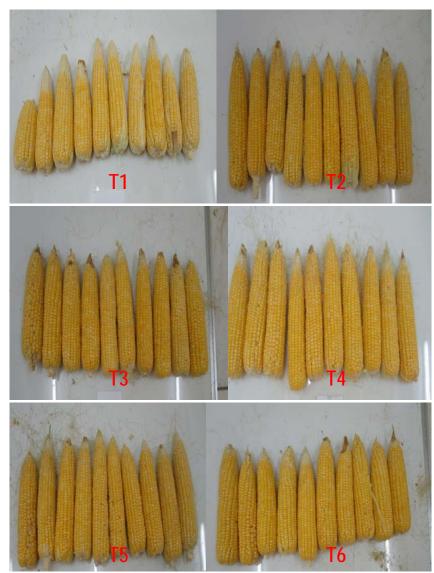
Fresh weight of corn (grams per ear) as affected by PGP, BF and chemical fertilizers



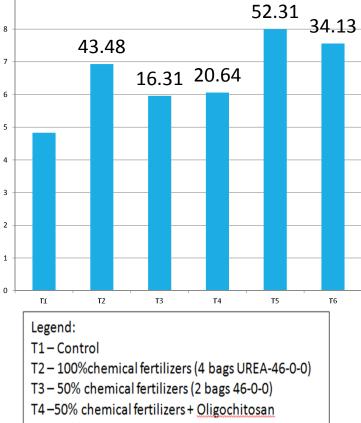
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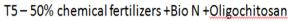
T1-Control

- T2-100%chemical fertilizers (4 bags UREA-46-0-0)
- T3-50% chemical fertilizers (2 bags 46-0-0)
- T4-50% chemical fertilizers + Oligochitosan
- T5 50% chemical fertilizers +Bio N +Oligochitosan
- T6 50% chemical fertilizers +Bio N



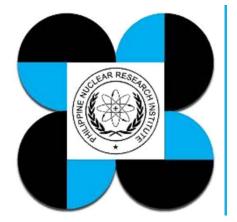
#### Dry yield of rice (kg/plot) as affected by PGP, BF and chemical fertilizers





T6 - 50% chemical fertilizers +Bio N





#### THANK YOU

Dr. LUCILLE V. ABAD Philippine Nuclear Research Institute Department of Science and Technology PHILIPPINES